The mutinous sailors then fired volleys en the officers, pursuing them to different parts of the ship. The commanding officer was killed.

Some of the officers jumped into the sea. but they were fired upon and killed in the

OTHER CREWS REPORTED MUTINOUS. PARIS. July 4 .- The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Petit Journal says it is reported that the crews of two battleships

at Reval, on the Baltic, have mutinied. A despatch from St. Petersburg to the Petit Parisien says that the reason why the Georgei Pobiedonosets surrendered at Odessa was that she had gone aground under the guns of a fort and could not be

### 7.000 SLAIN IN A NIGHT. Secret Police Charged With Instigating the

Special Coble Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, July 5 .- The Odessa correspondent of the Standard says:

"Hitherto it has been a very partially penetrable veil which has hidden the ghastly tragedy of the nights of June 27 and 28. At last it has been lifted and the mind recoils from the truth. My authorities are unimpeachable.

"For many months past about 150 spe cially chosen agents have appeared from the Third Section of police under a variety of disguises; chiefly as artizans. They lived and labored in intimate association with the work people in the industrial suburbs of Peressyp and Molavanka and frequented all the secret haunts of the Social Democratic revolutionists. These agents provacateur knew every secret and every movement of the revolutionary propaganda.

Their infamous rôle was played with consummate horrifying success. The arrival of the mutinous battleship Kniaz Potemkin Tayritchesky twas expected and gave these emissaries plausible ground for the statement that the whole fleet had mutinied and would foin the naval rebels and protect the revolutionists ashore. It should be noted that none of the local police but third section secret agents were the organizers and engineers of the whole flendish plot.

"As already stated, the pillage, wreckage and arson commenced early in the evening. but there was absolutely no attempt to arrest the devastation until long after sundown. During the interval every possible avenue of escape was closed by the military machine and guns were placed at every point

"I have the authority of numerous evewitnesses for stating that no fewer than 7,000 people were done to death during the awful ten hours of that night of massacre. The killed outnumbered the wounded threefold. This is not surprising, the field of slaughter having been restricted. Two hundred persons threw themselves into the harbor, from which their bodies were recovered by boats and hooks.

"A thousand corpses were cast into the glowing heaps of ruins at dawn, when the fire had been only partially extinguished. The huge conflagration was made to serve as a monster crematory. Four-fifths of the dead were thus got rid of. Their ashes mingle with the ruins. Their bones were hurriedly packed into several hundred coffins and carried to the common graveyard, but only the military and police witnessed the rough interment and the grim unloading of the covered carts, the nature of whose burdens was not suspected by the

"This secret butchery, engineered by the police, was designed in St. Petersburg as a frightfully effective method of crushing the insurrection in south Russia.

## REVOLT STILL GROWING.

#### Strikers at Nicolaten Plundering Shops and Dwellings. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN

BERLIN, July 4 .- The Berliner Zeitung says that revolutionary risings have occurred in three thousand towns and villages in southern Russia.

The Tageblatt says that 5,000 strikers at Nicolaieff are plundering shops and dwellings. There have been several bomb outrages St. Petersburg, July 4. - The hospitals at

Libau are occupied by many wounded officers who were beaten by sailors on the Insurance companies estimate the losses

at Odessa at between 25,000,000 and 40,000,; 000 rubles.

### MUTINY ON MERCHANT STEAMER. Russian Crew Want to Go to Odessa to

Protect Their Families. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN PARIS, July 4 .- A despatch to the Temps from Constantinople says that the Russian

merchant steamer Emperor Nicholas, which was ordered to proceed to Alexandria instead of her original destination, Odessa, is unable to sail, her crew having mutinied. They insist that the vessel go to Odessa

so that they can protect their families

### THIS RUSSIAN AN OPTIMIST. Says Czar Has Yielded and Will Grant

Liberal Constitution. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, July 4.-The World quotes London leader of the Russian revolutionary movement as saying that the Czar and the Grand Dukes and other leaders of the Reactionary party have now yielded to the pressure of circumstances and that a

liberal constitution will be granted soon. The new government will be modeled on that of Britain, an upper house to be composed of the Grand Dukes and members of the aristocracy, but the real power being lodged in a lower house, to which each zemstvo will send two representatives. Full personal and religious liberty will be granted to all, including the Jews.

The revolution, this leader is said to declare, is over, and it has been comparatively bloodless.

## Japanese Battleship Launched.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, July 4.—The Japanese battleship Katou was launched to-day at Barrow-in Furness. The Princess Arisugawa of Japan named her. Ten thousand spectators were

## RUSSIAN GENERAL'S PROBLEM

FIGHT NOW OR LET VLADIVOSTOK BE CUT OFF.

Japan Will Soon Have 100,000 Men in the Ussuri District-Russia Hears of Move for an Armistice-Some Minor Engagements Are Reported by Both Sides. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

St. Petersburg, July 4.-The sustained pressure of Gen. Hasegawa's army across the Tumen River toward Russian territory is recognized in Government circles as Japan's immediate step to force Russia to make peace. Hasegawa's army is now only fifty versts (thirty-three miles) from the frontier. Within ten days, it is fully expected, 100,000 Japanese troops will be established in the villages of the Russian Ussuri region, which has never yet had an enemy within its boundaries. It is realized by the General Staff that Gen. Hasegawa intends to keep Gen. Kasbeck enclosed in Vladivostok.

He will thereby prevent a force from coming thence to defend Ussuri. The natives of that territory cannot defend themselves, as the whole male native population already is in active service in the army. Thus Gen. Hasegawa can overrun the whole territory from the Gulf of Peter the Great to the Amur River. Gen. Liniewitch cannot prevent this, for his 400,000 men are confined by Marshal Oyama's 500,000, and any attempt on his part to relieve Gen. Kasbeck could only result as did Marshal MacMahon's attempt to relieve Metz in 1870.

Gen. Linievitch can retire from Harbin only to the trans-Baikal region. Such a retreat and the surrender of Harbin to the Japanese would be equivalent to offering them the whole territory from Harbin to the Sea of Japan.

It is recognized that the whole strategic position of the Japanese will force Gen. Linievitch to defend Harbin at any cost and that he must accept a general engagement.

It is learned that President Roosevelt is making an effort to bring about an armistice before the Japanese peace mission sails, on July 10. It is admitted at the Foreign Office that Russia desires an armistice, although she has not asked for one formally. She cites the completeness of the mission which she is despatching to Washington as an indication of her sincerity in entering upon the conference, doubts upon which may have hindered Japan in agreeing to an armistice.

Gen. Linievitch reports that he stormed the enemy's positions near Sanvaitse on July 1 and destroyed a Japanese battalion.

Tokio, July 4 .- Attacks by reconnoiterng detachments of Cossacks on Sunday in North Corea and in Manchuria were repulsed. The latter lasted eighteen hours. The Russians had fifteen hundred cavalry and eighteen guns. Their casualies numbered four hundred. Those of the Japanese were ninety.

There has been a noticeable tendency in the bulletins issued by the War Department recently to report insignificant engagements in great detail.

#### WANT CZAR TO STAND FIRM. Reactionaries and Clericals Ask to Be Heard Against Granting Constitution. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

St. Petersburg, July 4 .- At a conference of the reactionary and clerical parties at Moscow it was decided to petition the Czar to receive a deputation with an address against the granting of a constitution and upholding the autocracy.

## JAPANESE RAIDERS KILLED.

Russians Catch Sealers on Kamehatka and Put Forty of Them to Death. SAN FRANCISCO, July 4 .- The steamer

Montara, arriving to-day from the Siberian coast, brings a story of the capture and execution of forty Japanese sealers who chatkan coast. Expecting such a raid, the Russians. armed with rifles, were on the lookout

and when the Japanese vessel came to anchor off one of the favorite resorts of the seals they descended upon the invaders and captured forty of them. The Japs were rounded up on the mainland and after a brief examination were shot. The few Japanese left in their schooner, having witnessed the capture of their countrymen and realizing that they would be prevented from returning to the vessel, out off with the schooner, probably return-

ng to some Japanese port. The Montara had an interesting experience at Petropavlovski, on the Kamchatkan peninsula. When the Montara appeared on the horizon the residents were aroused with cries "To the hills, to the hills

Although the Russians knew for months that their country was at war with Japan they had I een unmolested, and the appearance of the Montara inspired them with fear that a Japanese man of war was coming to bombard the defenseless place. When the people saw that the Montara's crew was unarmed they returned from the hills.

### RUSSIAN ATTACK ON HAY. Newspaper Deleares American Intrigues Brought on the War.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. ST. PETERSBURG, July 4.-The Novoe Vremya, which alone of the leading newspapers here attacked President Roosevelt for his peace endeavors, has been printing a series of articles to prove that American intrigues and American instigation were responsible for the war.

It now asserts that the same cause brought about China's request to be represented in the negotiations. It says that Mr. Hay's doctrine of the administrative entity of China will be buried with its author but the fruits of his policy will remain. The United States continues to champion the cause of China from selfish

motives. President Roosevelt, according to the paper, has decided to admit a Chinese representative to the conference to offset the exclusion of the Chinese from America. It adds that other Powers are also trying to intervene, for which reason the Russian

### delegates must constantly be watchful. Schley on the Navy.

PHILADELPHIA, July 4 .-- Admiral Schley spoke in Independence Hall to-day. He

"Sad as the commentary may be upon our civilization, nevertheless it is true that our civilization, nevertheless it is true that nations respect more the strength of one another's militant powerthan aught else in adjusting diplomatic tangles. So I am convinced it would be trifling with the nation's honor and would be dangerous to our interests if we delayed to put our house in order while we have time and are at peace with all the world."

## Killed for Interfering.

OMAHA, Neb., July 4 .- While Charles Jones, a Union Pacific bridge foreman, was interfering in an Italian picnic this affternoon he was shot and killed by Antonio Tiftillo, who escaped.

### COTTON JUMP HITS MANCHESTER Serious Outlook for the Textile Industries

There. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUR.
LONDON, July 4.—Manchester is de moralised by the advance of cotton in the Liverpool market. The prospects are

serious for the textile industry. LIVERPOOL, July 4.- The cotton market was in a highly excited state at the opening to-day, and during the morning was from 57 to 58 points up.

After the opening trade seemed likely to be active, but during the day as prices further advanced buyers hesitated and gen eral stagnation followed. From about 2:15 o'clock prices steadily hardened to 65 points advance, which was maintained until late in the afternoon, when there was a further advance, the market closing strong at of points advance for the near months and from 64 to 66 points for the distant positions, the total advance on the day being nearly three farthings a pound. In view of the fact that there are 750,000 bales stored in Liverpool the increase is reckoned to be equivalent to £1,000,000.

Although the excitement throughout the day was keen, the market displayed no panicky feeling. Nevertheless the sudden paralyzed trade in Lancamovement shire, and the business in yarn and cotton cloth in Manchester was practically suspended. Producers quoted higher rates simply for protection Shippers to India, would not follow, although the news of the monsoon continues satisfactory. The day's turnover was quite small, buyers merely looking on and awaiting developments. Spinners of American yarn quoted cop twist and west at 3-8d. higher. Manufacturers who use bought yarn did very little.

The cotton mill share market was depressed. Manchester and Oldham stockholders wanted to sell, but there were no buyers. Shippers of plece goods expect to benefit somewhat from the rise, a majority of their contracts having been made when prices were lower. It is reported that some employers at Burnley and Blackburn were caught seriously short.

Considerable doubt is expressed at the Manchester Cotton Exchange of the accuracy of the departmental report. Traders found consolation in private reports from well credited sources indicating a much heavier crop. Nevertheless the warning was heeded, but too much confidence will not be placed in it.

## VATICAN'S ATTITUDE CHANGING.

Closer Relations With the Quirinal Are Expected Soon.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN ROME, July 4.—Bishop Bonomelli of Cremona has addressed a remarkable pastoral to the clergy and laity of his diocese on the relations of the Church and State. The pastoral is another indication of the move of opinion toward cooperation between the Vatican and the Quirinal for the national welfare.

Yet another sign is the difficulty raising an anti-clerical issue pending the municipal elections, most of the electors having come to believe that there no longer exists any strong antagonism between the

The Pope heard of the adoption of the final clause of the Church and State bill by the French Chamber soon after midnight. He was neither astonished nor annoyed. He remarked "The evil is not so great as might have been thought."

## JACQUES ELISEE RECLUS DEAD

-Won Fame as a Geographer. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BRUSSELS, July 4. Jacques Elisée Reclus

rofessor of comparative geography at the New University of Brussels, died to-day. He was born in 1830. Prof. Reclus fought against the Napoleonic

coup d'état in 1851, and as a refugee lived in England, Ireland, the United States and South America. He fought with the Commune in 1871, and was sentenced to ransportation for life. This sentence, n 1872, was commuted into banishment. His geographical writings are well known, and he was the author of works on other subjects, one of them being, "Evolution, Revolution and Ideal Anarchy." He started

## FRANCO-GERMAN AGREEMENT.

Action on the Morocco Case Expected to Be Announced in a Few Days. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, July 4.-The Franco-German understanding as to Morocco is expected to be announced officially in a few days, simultaneously in Paris and Berlin. The participation of England and Spain in the conference is already assured.

## LOUBET RECEIVES AMERICANS.

Assistant Secretary Loomis and Rear Admiral Sigsbee Visit French President. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS July 4.-Gen. Porter to-day presented Assistant Secretary of State Loomis and Rear Admiral Sigsbee and his staff to President Loubet. The naval uniforms attracted much popular attention and admiration.

#### Unionists Retain This Seat. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, July 4 .- In the election for Kingswinford division of Staffordshire today Staveley Hill, Unionist, heat Major Dunne, Liberal. The result made change. At the last regular election the Conservative candidate was elected un-

#### Vanderbilts to Be Prince Henry's Guests. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, July 4 .- Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, who have been in attendance at the Kiel regatta this week, will pay an eight day visit to Prince Henry at his Hemmelmark estate, in the province of Hol-

### stein. Meagher's Statue Unvelled.

HELENA, Mon., July 4.-In the present of a large crowd the bronze equestrian statue of Thomas Francis Meagher, the Irish soldier and orator, was unveiled here today. The statue is the work of Sculptor Charles J. Mulligan of Chicago.

The statue was presented to the State by James H. Lynch, president of the memorial association which raised the funds for it, and was accepted by Gov. Joseph K. Toole. William Burns, the only survivor Gen. Meagher's regiment was on the

8500 in Jewelry Stolen From Invalid Jewelry worth \$500 was stolen from under the pillow on which Mrs. Hannah Winter, an invalid, lay on Saturday night, while her son and his wife were at Coney Island. Winters live at 941 Columbu and a Hungarian servant looks after the comfort of the invalid. The police would have arrested the servant if Mrs. Winter's son had made a complaint, but he refused and the police dropped the case.

BURGLARS AND SNEAK THIEVES and dishonest servants can be insured against by a policy of THE AETNA INDEMNITY CO. Particulars, 68 William st., N. Y. City. Tel. 4870—John.

## NEW RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR.

BARON ROSEN HAS SEEN A 4TH OF JULY HERE BEFORE.

Explosions All Around the Herizon Did Not Stir His Nerves-He Had Not Heard of the Black Sea Revelt-Was Much Grieved to Learn of Mr. Hay's Death.

It was well for the nerves of Baron Rosen that he had been in this country before. An Ambassador of the Czar unfamiliar with the American customs of the Fourth would very likely have jumped to the tune of the cracker cannonading that was going on along the Hoboken water front when the Kaiser Wilhelm II. was docked yesterday. But it was Baron Rosen's twentyfifth trip across the Atlantic, and he only smiled at the explosions and was interested in those who caused them.

Russia's new Ambassador to the United States, who not only succeeds Count Cassini but will act as the Czar's representative at the negotiations for peace between Russia and Japan, was accompanied by his wife, the Baroness Rosen, and his daughter. The Baron is a stout man, with white hair and gray whiskers parted in the middle. His wife is stout, too, but their daughter is a slender girl, with the pallor of the race. With them was Prince Kondacheff. party brought half a dozen servants and over a hundred pieces of baggage.

The Ambassador was met at the North German Lloyd pier by M. Hassen, first secretary of the Russian Embassy at Washington, and most of the officials connected with the Russian Consul-General's office in New York. M. Hassen went aboard the Kalser and he and the Ambassador had a long talk in a corner of the dining saloon. Baron Rosen was asked whether he thought the peace conference would result

in a quick cessation of hostilities. "I never speak of politics until the proper time arrives," said he, and in this case the proper time has not arrived." Nor would he make a guess as to

will result from the conference "Diplomacy, like whist, is mostly silence he remarked, with a smile. He had not heard of the revolt in the Black Sea, he said. That seemed strange, in view of the fact that the Kaiser is rigged for wireless. He would not say whether he considered the mutiny important.

"I will say," continued the Ambassador, that I am delighted to be here, for I like America very much."

Fraulein Hiedelbach, the opera singer,

just flitting by, heard these startling words and is said to have done a small job in plagiarism later.

Baron Rosen said that he had not learned of the death of John Hay until the steamer was coming up the bay.

"I knew him for twenty years and was very much grieved by the news," he said. The Baron was an attaché of the Russian embassy at Washington for several years and while in that place acquired an almost perfect knowledge of English. He understands that Count Cassini will sail for home on July 14. He himself will go at once to the summer home which has been engaged for him at Manchester-by-the-Sea, but he will visit President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay in a week or so and present his creden-

Fred Thompson of Thompson & Dundy, who was on the boat, said that the new Ambassador was one of the best "mixers" he ever saw and as for playing whist, there was no one on the Kaiser like him.

## POLICEMAN'S SHOT KILLS.

Fought in the Commune and Was Bantshed Threatened With Ax by Insane Man, He Uses His Revolver. ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 4.-Edson C.

Ellis, 37 years old, who for several days has showed signs of insanity, this morning picked a quarrel with his wife over his breakfast and wound up by smashing. everything in the house and kicking his wife and seven-year-old son into the street. Mrs. Ellis notified the police and Police-

Ellis seized a pair of seissors and an ax and started for Fisk. The policeman drew his revolver and fired, so he says, to frighten Ellis, but the ball entered the carotid artery Ellis fell unconscious and was taken to Memorial Hospital, where he died within

Ellis was the son of a builder and once travelled for a wholesale jewelry firm. Recently he had been engaged in the poultry

## JOY AT SING SING.

Prisoners Listen to Patriotic Music, Eat From Delft Plates and Smoke.

Ossining, July 4.—The prisoners in Sing Sing prison enjoyed a special celebration of Independence Day in the prison grounds this morning. After breakfast, consisting of ham, new potatoes, bread and tea, 1,200 inmates were marched out to the big square in the rear of the cell house. There a platform had been erected and the p ers sat on the lawn and listened for hours to the convict band, which played

patriotic airs.

The bandmaster is a convict named Fritz. The convicts showed their appreciation of the music by frequent applause. After the concert the prisoners were served with buns, tea, cake and cigars. Instead of tin plates being used in the mess hall, as heretofore, the food was served in delft plates and bowls. The delftware will be used in place of the tinware hereafter.

### CHILDREN'S TEMPLE DEDICATED. Interesting Feature of the Fourth of July Celebration at Nyack.

NYACK, N. Y., July 4 .- The new Children's Temple at the Christian Herald Children's Home, Upper Nyack, was dedicated today. The exercises took place under the supervision of Dr. Louis Klopsch, who established the Children's Home here eleven

established the Children's flower feet eleven years ago.

Jacob Riis of New York made an address on good citizenship, telling the children what they should do to become good citizens. Mr. Riis was followed by Dr. Ferdinand C. Inglehart of Peekskill, N. Y., the Rev. Charles H. Mead, D. D., of New York the Rev. R. A. Hume, D. D., of India, and Dr. Children Merritt and Dr. Children Services and Dr. Children

the Rev. Stephen Merritt and Dr. Cyrus the Rev. Stephen Merritt and Dr. Cyrus McPherson of New York. There were 250 children present from New York and 350 guests. There was a fine display of fireworks upon the grounds

Only Four Fireworks Accidents in Buffalo. BUFFALO, July 4 .- Buffalo passed a sane Fourth, thanks to the police, who enforced the rigid ordinances against the more dangerous fireworks and noise producers. The hospitals made the usual prepaations to care for wounded, but only rations to care for wounded, but only four cases showed up for treatment, and two were so trivial that their names were not recorded. One boy had the tip of his finger blown off. Another was burned on the

### face with powder. Killed by Fall in Elevator Shaft.

Nicholas Dunn, day watchman in the George C. Flint furniture store at 234 West Thirty-ninth street, was found at the bottom of an elevator shaft vesterday with his neck broken. Beside him was a portion of a wooden gate from the third story entrance to the elevator. It is supposed Dunn lost his balance and seized the gate as he fell. He was unmarried and lived with his mother at 226 West Houston street.

GREATEST EVER AT CONEY. Perfect Weather Attracts 300,000 Pleasur

Seekers-More than Sixty Arrests. Coney Island broke records yesterday in more ways than one. The weather was perfect and the crowds, estimated by th local statistician at more than 800,000, came early, stayed late and spent plenty of money. Never in the history of the Island of amusement and entertainment from the Oriental Hotel did so much business that press agents were unable to keep tabe on the celebrities.

Frederic W. Thompson of Luna Park and the Hippodrome returned during the early afternoon from a six weeks trip to Furope, where he has been for business and rest. Mr. Thompson said last night that he imbibed many new ideas during travels on the Continent, and that he would put some of them into effect during the next ew weeks. The management announce last night that their best day was topped in attendance figures by 9,954 over and above

any day in any season.

The attendance at Dreamland, where they exhibited Royal Prince, the largest lion in the world, and Steeplechase Park, was larger than ever before, and the Boer War management had big crowds at each performance. Many of the young men in the night crowds carried revolvers, which surf avenue, and more than a score rests were made for carrying and discharg-ing firearms. At midnight last night over sixty prisoners had been taken in by the police, and the record for all days was

### CINCINNATI CELEBRATED. Asa Bird Gardiner Made a Speech and

Was Elected President. NEWPORT, R. I., July 4 .- The commem orative celebration of the 129th anniversary of American independence by the Society of the Cincinnati in the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations was held to-day in the old State House program included an address by Asa Bird Gardiner on "Remarkable Providences in the Cause of American Independence Dur-

the Cause of American Independence During the War of the Revolution."

At the business meeting the following officers were elected: President, 'Asa Bird Gardiner; vice-president, James M. Varnum; secretary, George W. Olney; assistant secretary, Thomas Arnold Pierce; treasurer, William Dehon King; assistant treasurer, William Blodget; chaplain, Henry Barton Chapin, D. D.

Applications for membership were received from the descendants of two of the original members of the society of the Cincinnati in France—Viscount Pomertin and the Baron De Contensin. The annual banquet was held in the evening at the Palm Room at the Casino, and the usual banquet was held in the evening at the Palm Room at the Casino, and the usual thirteen toasts were responded to. The guests at the banquet were Gov. Utter, M. Des Portes de la Fosse of the French Embassy; Col. William Ennis, commandant at Fort Adams, representing the Army; Senator Wetmore, Col. J. Edward Studley, president of the Sons of the American Revolution; Daniel De Ferriss, president of the Sons of the Revolution, and Wilfred H. Munro, Governor of the Society of Colonial Wars.

#### COSMOPOLITAN CELEBRATION. Many Nationalities in a Fourth of July Incident.

An incident showing that the celebration was cosmopolitan was recorded on the blotter of the East Fifty-first street station blotter of the East Fifty-first street station late in the afternoon. Detective Sergeants Glery and Marion, formerly of County Kilkenny, found Yuen Hong blazing away at a German beer sign with a Yankee revolver. They took the specimen of the Yellow Peril to the station, where he remarked to Sergt. Lehr, a Saxon: "You hella Amelican. You no celeblate. marked to Sergt. 12th, a Shakin hella Amelican. You no celeblate.
The patriotic Chinaman was released on bail furnished by Keith Macallister, a plumber of East Sixty-first street. As he left the station Policeman Llewellyn brought in Xerxes Polouarkos, a Greek, and had him held on a charge of shooting Roman

candles.
Chin Tei, a Chinese laundryman of 318 East Twenty-fourth street, was locked up last night in the East Twenty-second street station for firing a revolver in his own

## Killed His Little Friend.

shop.

PHILADELPHIA. July 4.—The accidental discharge of a revolver in the hands of his dearest friend to-day resulted in the death of ine-year-old Louis Ostrow of Camack and Norris streets, The ball from the weapon struck the boy in the stomach and he died while being conveyed to the hospital. Charles Jennoi, 24 years old, of Coatesville, Pa., who held the revolver, was an orphan who was cared for and raised by Louis's grandfather and he for years has about his appreciation of this by caring Louis's grandfather and he for years has shown his appreciation of this by caring for Louis. Immediately after the accident Jennoi, who was distracted, disappeared, and it is feared he will kill himself.

## Killed by a Stray Bullet.

Boston, July 4.-William Brown, a young man of Cambridge, who was sitting with a young woman on the steps in front of 15 Anderson street shortly after 12 o'clock last night, was shot in the right side of the head by a stray bullet. He fell forward into the lap of the young woman, who sup-posed he had fainted until she saw blood flowing from his wound. Brown was hurried to the Massachusetts General Hospital, where he died at 1 o'clock.

## GRAPE-NUTS.

### FROM THE EDITOR He Forgot That He Had a Stomach.

Talking of food, there is probably no professional man subjected to a greater, more wearing mental strain than the responsible editor of a modern newspaper.

To keep his mental faculties constantly in good working order, the editor must keep his physical powers up to the highest rate of efficiency. Nothing will so quickly upset the whole system as badly selected food and a disordered stomach. It therefore follows that he should have right food which can be readily assimilated, and

which furnishes true brain nourishment. "My personal experience in the use of Grape-Nuts and Postum Food Coffee, writes a Philadelphia editor, "so exactly agrees with your advertised claim as to their merits that any further exposition in that direction would seem to be superfluous. They have benefited me so much, however, during the five years that I have used them, that I do not feel justified in withholding my testimony.

"General 'high living,' with all that the expression implies as to a generous table. brought about indigestion, in my case with restlessness at night, and lassitude in the morning, accompanied by various pains and distressing sensations during working hours. The doctor diagnosed the condition as 'catarrh of the stomach. and prescribed various medicines, which did me no good. I finally 'threw physics to the dogs,' gave up tea and coffee and heavy meat dishes, and adopted Grape-Nuts and Postum Food Coffee as the chief articles of my diet.

"I can conscientiously say, and I wish to say it with all the emphasis possible to the English language, that they have benefited me as medicines never did, and more than any other food that ever came on my table. My experience is that the Grape-Nuts food has steadied and strengthened both brain and nerves to a most positive degree. How it does it, I cannot say, but I know that after breakfasting on Grape-Nuts food one actually forgets he has a stomach, let alone 'stomach trouble.' It is, in my opinion, the most beneficial as well as the most economical food on the market, and has absolutely no rival." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, There's a reason.

## WIGWAM CHEERS M'CLELLAN.

ALTON B. PARKER CALLS SOCIAL-ISM PROTECTION'S CHILD.

Gov. Glenn of North Carolina Says That We Are Living Too Fast and That Our Cities Are Perils-Congressman Sulzer Convinced That the Senate Is the Peril.

As a general custom in the speeches heard at Tammany's Fourth of July celebration local political matters are tabooed and the national eagle screams uninterrupted. But at yesterday's festival Walter S. Logan in presenting to the Tammany Society an engrossed copy of the Declaration of Independence caused an extra flame of perspiration in the heated hall when he exclaimed casually:

"Democrats in this home of Democracy, let us see to it that we are in the thickest of the fight. Democrats in this city of George B. McClellan, let us see to it that we follow our leader no less valiantly than our fathers followed his father at Antietam." The prolonged cheering which followed

the mention of Mayor McClellan's name would probably have tempted some of the local speakers whose names were on the list of "short talkers" to break loose on the coming municipal campaign had the chance been given to them. There were ten names on this list, but as the "long talks" of Gov. Robert B. Glenn of North Carolina and Lieut.-Gov. Jared B. Sanders of Louisiana were extremely long the only one of the ten who got an opportunity to speak was Congreesman Billy Sulzer. And as he took twenty minutes out of the three minutes allotted to him by the chairman to talk about his pet hobby, the iniquities of the United States Senate, he had no time left to rekindle the earlier enthusiasm of the audience

The Sixty-ninth Regiment Band played patriotic music ("Tammany" was added to this year's repertoire and was encored three times), the Tammany Glee Club sang the national songs its members learned at school and then, after the feast of oratory, came the feast of other things from the tables laid in the basement.

PARKER ON PROTECTION AND SOCIALISM. Before the speaking began letters of regret were read. One of these was from Alton B. Parker, who wrote:

Alton B. Parker, who wrote:

Because greed, left to run riot, has produced some bad conditions in cities and in great corporations, we are advised to run headlong into municipal or government ownership and operation. This policy is advocated in spite of the fact that, in other countries, and in surroundings far more favorable for these experiments than our own, they have uniformly interfered with development and curbed initiative. In other words, the only alternative thus presented for the curbing of greed is that of rushing wildly into all the perils of over-government. rils of over-government.
The fact that this incipient stage of social-

of greed is that of rushing wildly into all the perils of over-government.

The fact that this incipient stage of socialism finds advocacy ought not to excite surprise. For nearly half a century we have been preaching and practising it on a larger scale than ever before tried. We have thrown greed, organized as it never was before, into an active partnership with government. In order to swell the public revenues by one dollar we have permitted a small, exclusive, grasping class to put into their own pockets at least three dollars drawn in the form of inordinate and extortionate profits, from the whole body of consumers of every calling and employment. It is no cause for wonder if some of the latter have reached the conclusion that no formal socialism could be much more dangerous or demorsalizing than the fiscal system which, producing such results, grows by what it feeds on.

The demoralizing effect of this system is seen in the alliance, resulting and necessary between greed and politics, which finds illustration at every step. Thus, we ought not to be surprised when we see a management in some of our great fiduciary institutions which is dangerous, corrupt and selfish. It is then realized that, under the workings of this system, in which lobbying, blackmail and corruption are the simplest elements, we are only looking upon the application, in all the successive circles of authority, of the vicious practises inherent in an unjust fiscal system.

And the dangers which confront us are not new, they require nothing but the old respect for law, a demand for its rigid execution and a recognition of those doctrines and practises which fix unalterably the limits of right and wrong. We do not need to look for new cures for the old diseases; Following the recognition of this fact comes the necessity for the divorce of business.

we have only to apply drastic doses.
Following the recognition of this fact comes the necessity for the divorce of business and politics—a union which has been so long continued and so fertile in evil progeny that the process of separation will be long and difficult.

Glenn's robust oratory frequently drew cheers from his audience. For half an hour or more he compared the beginnings of this country with its achievements of to-day, and, proceeding to dilate upon the great future of the American people, he said that there were, however, great forces at work which, unless checked, "will destroy our nation and bring shame on our wonderful people." One of these forces, he said, was the conflict between capital and labor, and he urged the establishment of courts of arbitration. The second danger, he pointed out was the concentration of capital in the hands of a few. "The properties of corporations must be protected," said Gov. Glenn at monopolies are not necessarily evil, but of this country with its achievements of the end of this chapter. "Combines and monopolies are not necessarily evil, but when they crush the feeble and weak and seek to control or destroy, then in turn they must be controlled or destroyed." Then Gov. Glenn went on to say this:

and seek to control or destroy, then in turn they must be controlled or destroyed."
Then Gov. Glenn went on to say this:

A third danger is we are living too fast, both as a nation and as individuals. We collect from customs and internal revenue taxes so much money that our Congressmen do not seem to know what to do with it, and so, not content with paying honest pensions, which all commend, they are squandering the people's money in paying out unfair pensions to men who never smelt gunpowder or heard of a battle. They are also squandering it in opening up harbors and rivers through which an old bark canoe could not run, much less a vessel, and it is now high time to call a halt and take an inventory and see what is now causing a deficiency in our Treasury, once so full. In private life we also live too fast. We are trying too hard to keep up appearances: we are living beyond our means. It is making us a nation of gamblers and thieves, and then, when in spite of our short cuts we fail to make ends meet, it ends in suicide, disgrace, shame and often in dishonor and the penitentiary. Let us call a halt. Let us right about face. Honesty is the best policy, and we can live within our means and still be happy.

One more danger, and this is the danger of the great cities. Once M, de Tocqueville of France, and later the Hon. James Bryce of England visited our country, and they declared our cities were the greatest perils to our Republic. In the country they found God. Sunday a day of rest, the people happy and contented. In our cities, unrest, an xiety, a never ending, ceaseless strain on body, mind and soul. No time for Sunday and rest. God not in the heavens, but in business, in money, in a nervous anxiety to grow famous and rich. Saloons at every corner, destroying the body, blighting the mind, blackening the soul. Vice stalking abroad in the day and shame without fear walking at night. They and crush, if controlled, rightly conducted and governed, will be the source of new power, new wonders, new glory to our land

Lieut.-Gov Sanders urged upon Tammany that as the greatest political organization in the greatest city of the union its respon-sibility was correspondingly great for the carrying out of the principles of the Demo-cratic party. Those principles he proceeded to explain were to fight the "aggregation of predatory wealth." bound together "to wring from the pockets of all unjust and iniquitous tributes."

SULZER. LIKE CATILINE, DOOMS THE SENATE Congressman Sulzer said that the monopolist class would never be crushed as long as the United States Senate remained as it was. He described his efforts to have the Senate elected by the people. Autocratic, aristocratic and plutocratic, he called the

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Representatives to the Senate," he said "and every bill to repeal a bad law is killed by that body. They defy the President and defy the people; you cannot get a bill to regulate the railroads or the monopolice through the Senate because the railroads and monopolies own the Senators."
Continuing, Mr. Sulzer said that three centuries ago Russia had the most representative Government then existing, but that it was destroyed because of the supineness of the people, and the Government was eventually grasped by forty-five Grand Dukes. He pointed the moral that unless the people of this country woke up to their danger the United States Senators would "establish an oligarchy worse than anything Russia has ever known." through the Senate because the railroads

### THE FOURTH IN BERLIN. Americans There Celebrate Omit Yells Because of Hay's Death.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN BERLIN, July 4 .- The Fourth of July was celebrated to-day with the usual sports and dinner at Gruenaue, which 350 Americans at tended. Consul-General Mason presided. He

thing Russia has ever known.

eulogized the late Secretary of State Hay, owing to whose death college yells were NAVY OBSERVED THE DAY. Order of Mourning for Secretary Hay Not

in Effect on the Fourth. WASHINGTON, July 4 .- The President's proclamation for the observance of the usual period of general mourning on ac-count of the death of Secretary Hay will not go into effect until to-morrow, the day of the funeral. This enabled the Navy Department to carry out the usual ceremonies of dressing ship for the Fourth of

ily. Had the order for half masting the flags on all war vessels gone into effect to-day it would have rendered the usual Fourth of would have rendered the usual Fourth July ceremonies on shipboard impossible

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BATES.—On Saturday, July 1, 1905, at Bedford, N. Y., Catherine McDonald Bates, daughter Y., Catherine of the late James M. Bates. Funeral services at St. Matthew's Church, Bed ford, on Wednesday, July 5, at 2 o'clock P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Bedford station on the arrival of the 11:35 A. M. Harlem train from Grand Central Station.

BRINCKERHOFF.-On Monday, July 8, 1905.

Walter Brinckerhoff, in his 67th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 2545 Hudson Boulevard, Jersey City Wednesday DONNELL.—Suddenly, on July 4, at his residence at Eaton's Neck, L. I., from appendicitis William Ballou Donnell, aged 33 years.

McVickar.—At Southampton, L. I., on July 4 1905, Harry Whitney McVickar, son of the Rev Dr. William A. McVickar and Fanny Booth McVickar. Funeral services will be held at St. Andrews Dune Church, Sag Harbor, L. I., on Thursday, July 6, at 2:30 P. M. Carriages will meet train

leaving New York at 10:30 A. M. diller.-At Tarrytown, July 2, 1905, Martin Rumsey Miller, son of the late Rev. L. Merrill Miller, D. D., and Lydia Rumsey. Funeral and interment private. MORGAN.-On Monday, July 8, 1905, Martha

Amory Morgan, daughter of the late George

C. and Eliza McClellan Morgan.
Funeral from her realdence, 2408 Bioadway
Thursday, July 6, at 2 o'clock. NEVINS .- At Edgemere, L. I., Louisa Emily Nevins, devoted sister of Anna Key Nevins and daughter of the late Rev. William R and

Mary Key Nevins of Baltimore. Priends are invited to attend the funeral service at the University Place Presbyterian Church th st. and University place, at 10 o'clock Wednesday.

OSBORNE.-Suddenly, at Greenwich, Conn Sunday, July 2, 1905, Evelyn, beloved daughte of Charles and Elizabeth Osborne. Funeral services at 321 West 106th st., New York city, on Thursday, July 6, at 11 o'clock. at convenience of family.

PLATT .- Laura Sherbrook, widow of Lewis Car field Platt and daughter of Eliza Hill and Wil-liam Sherbrook Popham, peacefully, after & short illness, on July 3. Puneral Wednesday at her residence. Wells Plains, N. V., on arrival of train that leaved Grand Central Station at 2:50 o'clock. Inter-

ment at convenience of family. STILES .- At Mamaroneck, N. Y., on Sinday July 2, 1905, Sarah Josephine, daughter of the late John and Hannah Stiles.

Funeral services at the residence of her nephew. Mr. Henry B. Stokes, Mamaroneck, N. V. on Wednesday, July 5, 1905, at half after \$ Carriages will meet the train leaving Grand Central Station at 2:15 P. M. Philadelphia

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